Improving Control of Asthma Symptoms in Pediatric Patients Through the **Utilization of an Electronic Medication Reminder App** Courtney Cox, MSN, APRN, CPNP-PC & Emily Vitale, DNP

PROBLEM STATEMENT

- There are approximately six million children across the United States diagnosed with Asthma
- Approximately 24% of asthma exacerbations and 60% of hospitalizations can be attributed to poor compliance of inhaled corticosteroids
- Adherence rates for children with severe/moderate asthma is only 55%
- Adherence rates for any degree of asthma ranges between 30-70%
- Electronic medication reminders have shown to be an effective measure to increase adherence rates to daily prescribed medications

PROJECT PURPOSE

- Improve the control of asthma symptoms by increasing medication adherence through the utilization of Medisafe
- **Clinical Question:** In children between the ages of twelve to sixteen years old with a diagnosis of persistent asthma, does utilizing a mobile phone reminder app for daily inhaled medication, compared with usual care, lead to improved control of asthma symptoms?

MODEL/NURSING THEORY

- Quality Improvement model utilized: Plan-Do-Study-Act (PDSA) Cycle
- Albert Bandura's self-efficacy theory

Medication reminder apps are an effective tool for increasing medication adherence and improving asthma control

METHODS

Subjects (Participants)

- Inclusion: 12-16 years old, diagnosis of persistent asthma, & prescribed daily maintenance medications
- Exclusion: Acutely ill at time of clinic visit

Setting

Pediatric pulmonology outpatient clinic

Instruments/Tools

- Electronic medication reminder app: Medisafe
- Tools: Asthma Control Test (ACT) & Morisky Medication Adherence Scale (MMAS-8)
- ACT measures control of asthma symptoms
- MMAS-8 measures adherence to medication

Intervention and Data Collection

- Medisafe was utilized for 12-16 weeks
- Pre-intervention & post-intervention ACT & MMAS-8 scores were measured
- Wilcoxon signed rank (WSR) test was utilized to measure effectiveness

RESULTS

Morisky Medication Adherence Scale:

- WSR: significantly affected by using Medisafe (W(8)=21, p >0.05, two tailed test)
- P = 0.039

Asthma Control Test:

- WSR: significantly affected by using Medisafe (W(11) = 21), p > 0.05, two tailed test)
- P = 0.010



DISCUSSION

- The use of Medisafe had a significant impact on ACT and MMAS-8 results when comparing pre and post intervention scores
- The use of an electronic medication reminder app could significantly improve the control of asthma symptoms and increase medication adherence when used consistently
- Further studies should be completed using a larger sample size and analyzing compliance of using the app over a longer period of time

IMPLICATIONS FOR ADVANCED PRACTICE NURSING

- Electronic medication reminder apps are an effective tool to implement in outpatient care settings
- Education on the benefits of an electronic medication reminder app should be provided to adolescent patients with a diagnosis of asthma
- Various free apps available and easy to use

REFERENCES



